

撒瑪利亞基金和關愛基金醫療援助項目 經濟審查機制優化措施

Samaritan Fund and Community Care Fund Medical Assistance Programmes • Enhancement Measures on Means Test

修改每年可動用 財務資源的計算方法

Modifying the calculation of annual disposable financial resources (ADFR)

- 保護病人家庭資產
Asset protection
- 減輕病人醫療費用的開支
Lower patients out-of-pocket spending on medical costs

在計算藥費分擔額時，只計算病人可動用資產淨值中的五成，令大部分個案須分擔的藥費降至合理的低水平。

To adjust medical expenses contribution to a reasonably low level, the calculation of ADFR will be modified by **only counting 50% of patients' household net assets while calculating patient contribution.**

更多有需要病人受惠
Benefit more needy patients
實施日期
Implementation Date
16 · 2 · 2019

重新釐定「家庭」的定義

Redefinition of "Household" adopted in financial assessment

- 紓緩因要求與病人沒有財政聯繫的家庭成員披露經濟狀況而引起的磨擦
To help alleviate the friction caused by requiring family members who are not financially connected with the patient to contribute and disclose their income and assets
- 減輕對病人家庭的財政和心理負擔
To relieve financial and emotional burden from medical treatments to patients' families

收窄經濟評估時所採用的「家庭」定義，只涵蓋與病人同住並有直接經濟連繫的核心家庭成員。

To confine the definition of "household" adopted in financial assessment by **covering only core family members living under the same roof and having direct financial connection with the patient concerned.**

病人類別 * Patient type	經修訂的「家庭」定義 * Refined Household Definition
受供養的病人 A dependent patient	病人、其同住的父母/法定監護人，以及屬受供養人的兄弟姊妹 The patient, his/her parents/legal guardians, and dependent siblings living under the same roof
非受供養的病人 A non-dependent patient	如已婚 — 病人、其同住的配偶，以及屬受供養人的子女 (但不包括其同住的父母/法定監護人或兄弟姊妹) 如未婚 — 病人會被視為一人家庭 (不論病人是否與父母/法定監護人或兄弟姊妹同住) If married — the patient, his/her spouse, and dependent children (but not parents/legal guardians or siblings) living under the same roof If unmarried — the patient would be treated as a single person household (irrespective of whether parents/legal guardians or siblings are living under the same roof)

* 受供養人：未婚，以及 (i) 未滿18歲；或 (ii) 18至25歲正接受全日制教育，不符合上述規定的病人會被分為非受供養人。

* 非受供養人：指病人是未婚ADFR者 (i) under 18 years old, or (ii) 18 – 25 years old receiving full-time education. A patient who does not fulfil the above requirements is classified as a non-dependent patient.

「家庭」定義修訂後，若有其他同住的家庭成員的基本生活需要是由病人家庭所供養，例如該家庭成員是受供養的長者等，病人申請人可與醫療社工商討，將該些同住及屬受供養的家庭成員納入經濟評估內。

If there are other family members who are living with the patient's household according to the refined definition of "household" and whose basic necessity for living is maintained by patient's household (e.g. the family member is an elderly who is dependent on the patient's household etc.), patient or applicant can discuss with medical social workers and include these dependent family members into the financial assessment.



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